

Organic Chemistry – GCSE Chemistry Paper 2

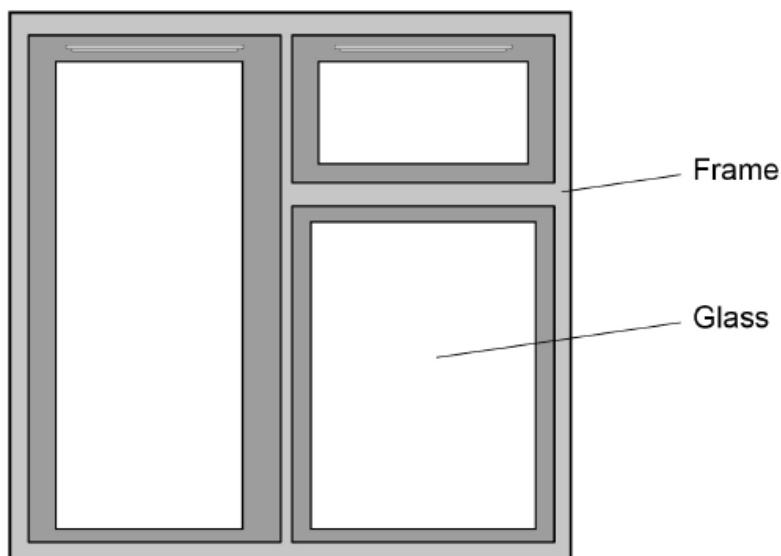
1. No.3

0 3

This question is about substances used to make windows and window frames.

Figure 2 shows a window.

Figure 2



0 3 . 1

Glass is made by heating sand with **two** other materials.

Which **two** other materials are used to make glass?

[2 marks]

Tick (✓) **two** boxes.

Clay

☐

Graphite

☐

Limestone

☐

Sodium carbonate

☐

Sodium hydroxide

☐

Window frames need to be:

- easy to install
- resistant to damage.

The polymers poly(chloroethene) and HDPE are used to make window frames.

Table 3 shows information about poly(chloroethene) and HDPE.

Table 3

Property	Poly(chloroethene)	HDPE
Density in g/cm ³	1.4	0.92
Relative strength	72	25

0 3 . 2

Suggest **one** advantage of using poly(chloroethene) compared with HDPE to make window frames.

Give **one** reason for your answer.

Use Table 3.

[2 marks]

Advantage _____

Reason _____

0 3 . 3

Suggest **one** advantage of using HDPE compared with poly(chloroethene) to make window frames.

Give **one** reason for your answer.

Use Table 3.

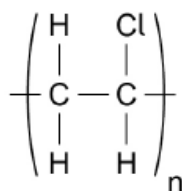
[2 marks]

Advantage _____

Reason _____

0 3 . 4 **Figure 3** shows the displayed structural formula of poly(chloroethene).

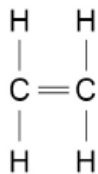
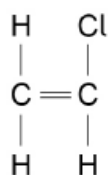
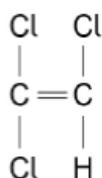
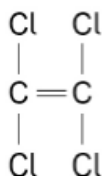
Figure 3



Which monomer is used to make poly(chloroethene)?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.


☐

☐

☐

☐

0 3 . 5 Chlorine gas is used to produce poly(chloroethene).

Describe a test to identify chlorine gas.

Give the result of the test.

[2 marks]

Test _____

Result _____

0 3 . 6 Wood can be used instead of polymers to make window frames.

- Polymers are unreactive.
- Polymers are produced from crude oil.
- Wood breaks down in wet conditions.
- Wood is produced from trees.

Suggest **one** advantage of using polymers and **one** advantage of using wood to make window frames.

[2 marks]

Advantage of polymers _____

Advantage of wood _____

Window frames can also be made from an alloy of aluminium.

03.7 6.00 kg of the alloy is used to make a window frame.

Table 4 shows the mass of each element in 6.00 kg of the alloy.

Table 4

Element	Mass in kg
Aluminium	5.94
Magnesium	0.04
Silicon	0.02

Calculate the percentage of aluminium in 6.00 kg of the alloy.

[2 marks]

Percentage of aluminium = _____ %

03.8 Why is an alloy used instead of pure aluminium to make window frames?

[1 mark]

2. No.7

07

This question is about organic compounds.

07

.1

Butane is an alkane with small molecules.

Complete the sentence.

Choose the answer from the box.

[1 mark]

fertiliser

formulation

fuel

Butane can be used as a _____.

07

.2

Poly(propene) is a polymer.

What is the name of the monomer used to produce poly(propene)?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Propane

☐

Propanoic acid

☐

Propanol

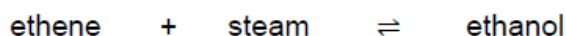
☐

Propene

☐

Ethene and steam react to produce ethanol.

The equation for the reversible reaction is:



- 0 7 . 3 The reaction produces a maximum theoretical mass of 400 kg of ethanol from 243 kg of ethene and 157 kg of steam.

A company produces 380 kg of ethanol from 243 kg of ethene and 157 kg of steam.

The percentage yield of ethanol is less than 100%

Calculate the percentage yield of ethanol.

Use the equation:

$$\text{percentage yield of ethanol} = \frac{\text{mass of ethanol actually made}}{\text{maximum theoretical mass of ethanol}} \times 100$$

[2 marks]

Percentage yield = _____ %

- 0 7 . 4 What are **two** possible reasons why the percentage yield of ethanol is less than 100%?

[2 marks]

Tick (✓) **two** boxes.

Ethanol is the only product of the reaction.

☐

Ethanol is very unreactive.

☐

Some ethanol changes back into ethene and steam.

☐

Some ethanol escapes from the apparatus.

☐

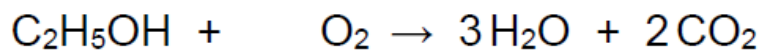
Some ethanol reacts with steam.

☐

0 7 . 5 Ethanol burns in oxygen.

Balance the equation for the reaction.

[1 mark]



0 7 . 6 Two processes for producing ethanol are:

- fermentation
- hydration (reacting ethene with steam).

Table 5 shows information about the processes.

Table 5

Feature	Process	
	Fermentation	Hydration
Raw material	sugar	crude oil
Energy usage	low	high
Rate of reaction	slow	fast
Purity of ethanol	15%	98%

Give **two** advantages and **two** disadvantages of using fermentation to produce ethanol.

[4 marks]

Advantage of fermentation 1 _____

Advantage of fermentation 2 _____

Disadvantage of fermentation 1 _____

Disadvantage of fermentation 2 _____

3. No.9

0 9

This question is about alkanes.

Table 6 shows information about some alkanes.

Table 6

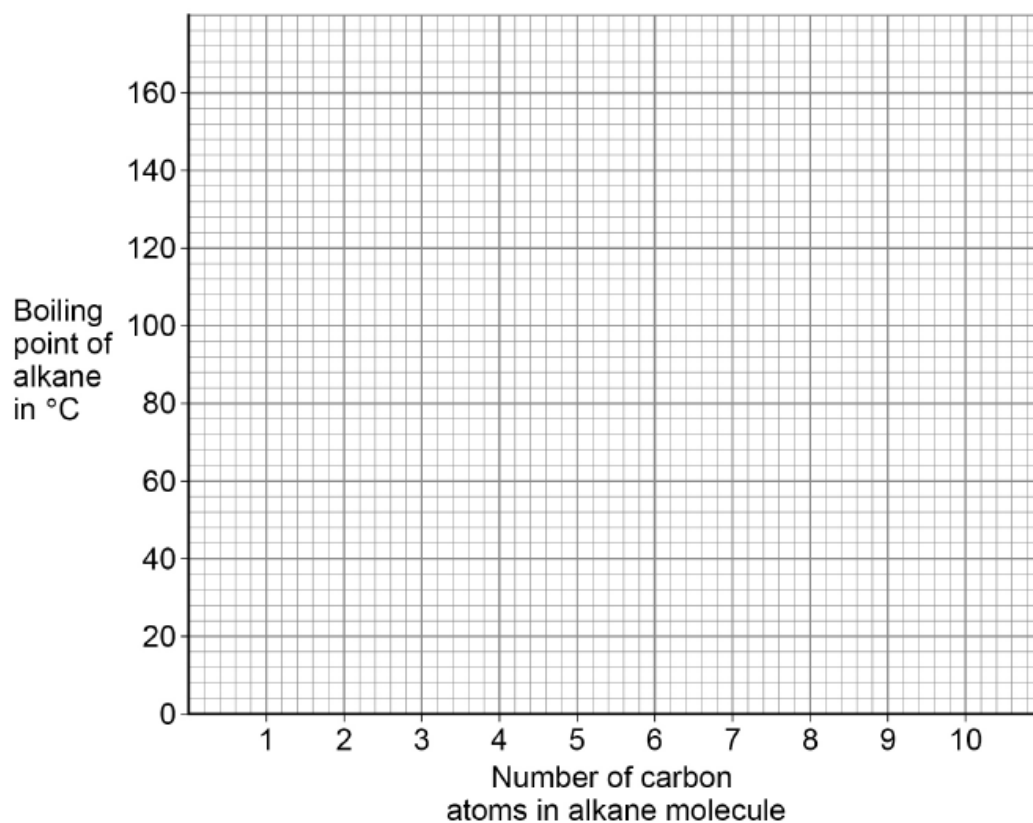
Number of carbon atoms in alkane molecule	Boiling point of alkane in °C
4	0
5	36
6	69
7	X
8	126
9	151

0 9 . 1

Plot the data from Table 6 on Figure 7.

[2 marks]

Figure 7



0 9 . 2 Predict the boiling point **X** of the alkane with seven carbon atoms in a molecule.

Use **Table 6** and **Figure 7**.

[1 mark]

X = _____ °C

0 9 . 3 **Figure 7** is not suitable to show the boiling point of the alkane with three carbon atoms in a molecule.

Suggest **one** reason why.

[1 mark]

0 9 . 4 What is the state at 20 °C of the alkane with four carbon atoms in a molecule?

Use **Table 6**.

[1 mark]

Table 6 is repeated below.

Table 6

Number of carbon atoms in alkane molecule	Boiling point of alkane in °C
4	0
5	36
6	69
7	X
8	126
9	151

The alkane with nine carbon atoms in a molecule is called nonane.

0 9 . 5 Complete the formula of nonane.

[1 mark]

C₉H_____

0 9 . 6 Nonane will condense lower in a fractionating column during fractional distillation than the other alkanes in Table 6.

Explain why.

You should refer to the temperature gradient in the fractionating column.

[2 marks]

4. No.2

0 2

This question is about alkanes.

Table 1 shows information about some alkanes.

Table 1

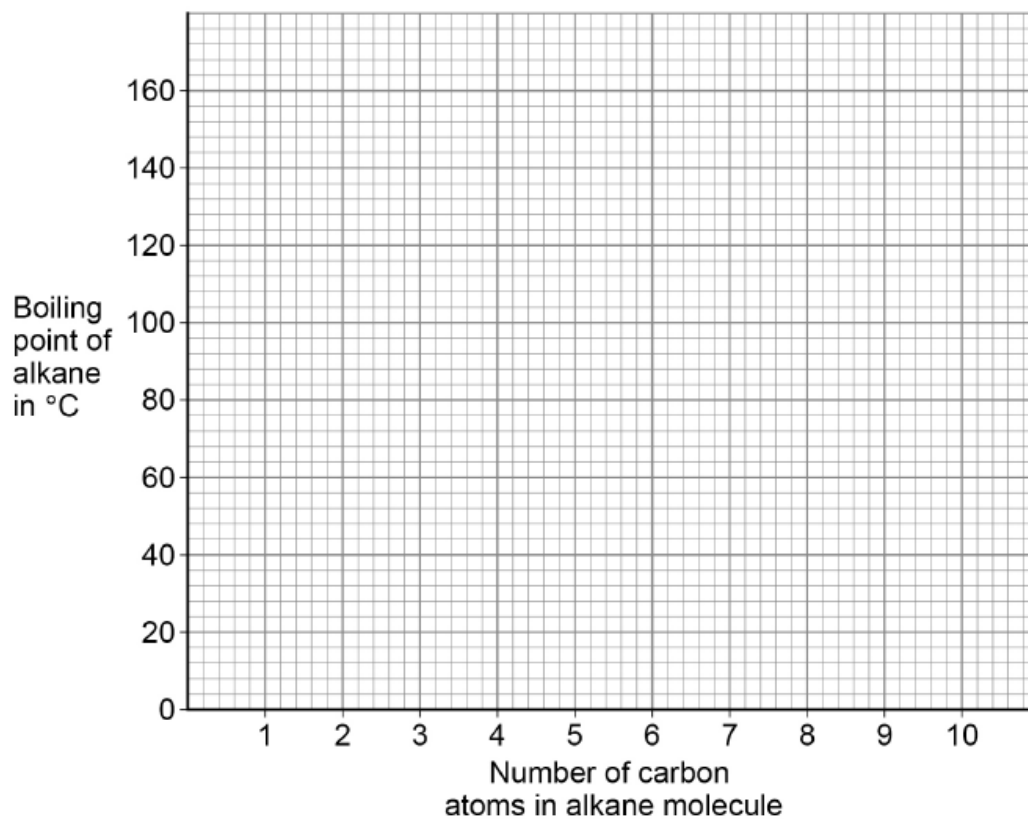
Number of carbon atoms in alkane molecule	Boiling point of alkane in °C
4	0
5	36
6	69
7	X
8	126
9	151

0 2 . 1

Plot the data from Table 1 on Figure 2.

[2 marks]

Figure 2



0 2 . 2 Predict the boiling point **X** of the alkane with seven carbon atoms in a molecule.

Use **Table 1** and **Figure 2**.

[1 mark]

X = _____ °C

0 2 . 3 **Figure 2** is not suitable to show the boiling point of the alkane with three carbon atoms in a molecule.

Suggest **one** reason why.

[1 mark]

0 2 . 4 What is the state at 20 °C of the alkane with four carbon atoms in a molecule?

Use **Table 1**.

[1 mark]

Table 1 is repeated below.

Table 1

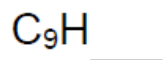
Number of carbon atoms in alkane molecule	Boiling point of alkane in °C
4	0
5	36
6	69
7	X
8	126
9	151

The alkane with nine carbon atoms in a molecule is called nonane.

0 2 . 5

Complete the formula of nonane.

[1 mark]



0 2 . 6

Nonane will condense lower in a fractionating column during fractional distillation than the other alkanes in Table 1.

Explain why.

You should refer to the temperature gradient in the fractionating column.

[2 marks]

5. No.4

0

4

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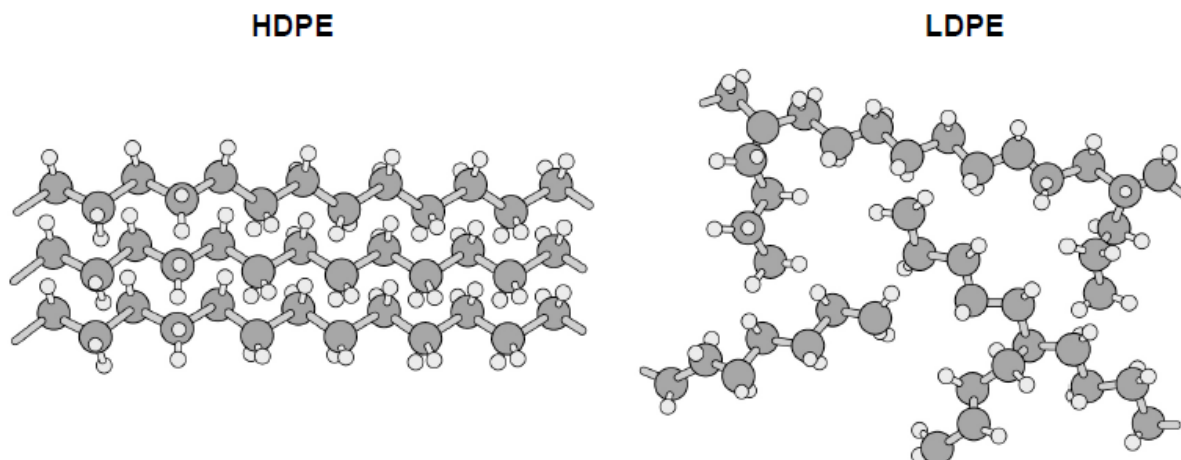
4

Two different forms of poly(ethene) are:

- high density poly(ethene) (HDPE)
- low density poly(ethene) (LDPE).

Figure 4 represents part of the structures of HDPE and LDPE.

Figure 4



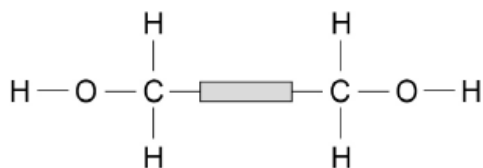
Explain why HDPE has a higher density than LDPE.

[2 marks]

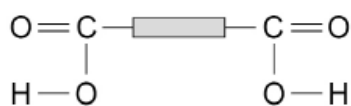
Figure 5 shows three monomers, **A**, **B** and **C**.

Monomer **A** can react with monomer **B** and with monomer **C** to produce polyesters.

Figure 5



Monomer **A**



Monomer **B**



Monomer **C**

0 4 . 5

Draw a circle on **Figure 5** around an alcohol functional group.

[1 mark]

0 4 . 6

Complete **Table 2** to show the formula of the small molecule produced when:

- monomer **A** reacts with monomer **B**
- monomer **A** reacts with monomer **C**.

[1 mark]

Table 2

Reacting monomers	Formula of small molecule produced
A and B	
A and C	

6. No.6

0 6

This question is about cycloalkenes.

Cycloalkenes are ring-shaped hydrocarbon molecules containing a double carbon-carbon bond.

Cycloalkenes react in a similar way to alkenes.

0 6 . 1

Describe a test for the double carbon-carbon bond in cycloalkene molecules.

Give the result of the test.

[2 marks]

Test _____

Result _____

0 6 . 2

Table 3 shows the name and formula of three cycloalkenes.

Table 3

Name	Formula
Cyclobutene	C ₄ H ₆
Cyclopentene	C ₅ H ₈
Cyclohexene	C ₆ H ₁₀

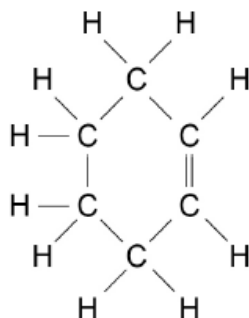
Determine the general formula for cycloalkenes.

[1 mark]

General formula = _____

Figure 6 shows the displayed structural formula of cyclohexene, C_6H_{10}

Figure 6



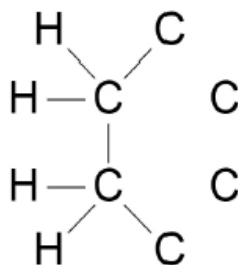
Chlorine reacts with cyclohexene to produce a compound with the formula $C_6H_{10}Cl_2$

0 6 . 3

Complete **Figure 7** to show the displayed structural formula of $C_6H_{10}Cl_2$

[2 marks]

Figure 7



0 6 . 4

Calculate the percentage by mass of chlorine in a molecule of $C_6H_{10}Cl_2$

Relative atomic masses (A_r): H = 1 C = 12 Cl = 35.5

[3 marks]

Percentage by mass = _____ %

7. No.10

1	0
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This question is about alkenes and alcohols.

Ethene is an alkene produced from large hydrocarbon molecules.

Large hydrocarbon molecules are obtained from crude oil by fractional distillation.

1	0	.	1
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Name the process used to produce ethene from large hydrocarbon molecules.

[1 mark]

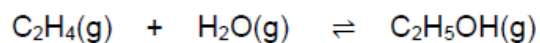
1	0	.	2
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Describe the conditions used to produce ethene from large hydrocarbon molecules.

[2 marks]

1 0 . 3 Ethanol can be produced from ethene and steam.

The equation for the reaction is:



The forward reaction is exothermic.

Explain how the conditions for this reaction should be chosen to produce ethanol as economically as possible.

[6 marks]

1 0 . 4 Ethanol can also be produced from sugar solution by adding yeast.

Name this process.

[1 mark]

1 0 . 5 Butanol can be produced from sugar solution by adding bacteria.

Sugar solution is broken down in similar ways by bacteria and by yeast.

Suggest the reaction conditions needed to produce butanol from sugar solution by adding bacteria.

[2 marks]

Ethanol and butanol can be used as fuels for cars.

1 0 . 6

A car needs an average of 1.95 kJ of energy to travel 1 m

Ethanol has an energy content of 1300 kilojoules per mole (kJ/mol).

Calculate the number of moles of ethanol needed by the car to travel 200 km

[3 marks]

Number of moles = _____ mol

1 0 . 7

When butanol is burned in a car engine, complete combustion takes place.

Write a balanced equation for the complete combustion of butanol.

You do **not** need to include state symbols.

[2 marks]
