

**Amount of substance – A2 2022 Chemistry P2****1. June/2022/Paper\_7405/2/No.9**

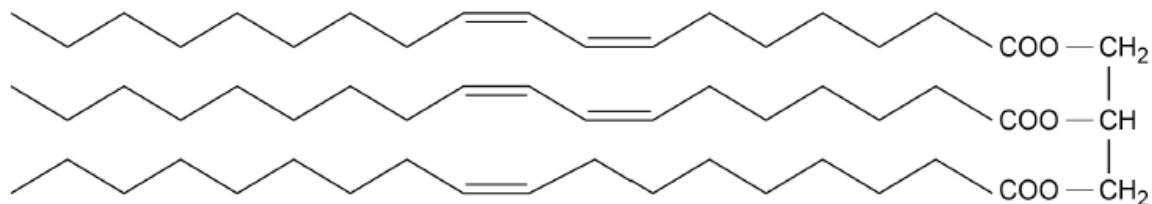
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This question is about olive oil.

A sample of olive oil is mainly the unsaturated fat **Y** mixed with a small amount of inert impurity.

The structure of **Y** in the olive oil is shown.

**Y** has the molecular formula  $C_{57}H_{100}O_6$  ( $M_r = 880$ ).



The amount of **Y** is found by measuring how much bromine water is decolourised by a sample of oil, using this method.

- Transfer a weighed sample of oil to a 250 cm<sup>3</sup> volumetric flask and make up to the mark with an inert organic solvent.
- Titrate 25.0 cm<sup>3</sup> samples of the olive oil solution with 0.025 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> Br<sub>2</sub>(aq).

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A suitable target titre for the titration is 30.0 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.025 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> Br<sub>2</sub>(aq).

Justify why a much smaller target titre would **not** be appropriate.

Calculate the amount, in moles, of bromine in the target titre.

**[2 marks]**

Justification \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Mass of olive oil \_\_\_\_\_ g

The olive oil solution can be prepared using this method.

- Place a weighing bottle on a balance and record the mass, in g, to 2 decimal places.
- Add olive oil to the weighing bottle until a suitable mass has been added.
- Record the mass of the weighing bottle and olive oil.
- Pour the olive oil into a 250 cm<sup>3</sup> volumetric flask.
- Add organic solvent to the volumetric flask until it is made up to the mark.
- Place a stopper in the flask and invert the flask several times.

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Suggest an extra step to ensure that the mass of olive oil in the solution is recorded accurately.

Justify your suggestion.

[2 marks]

Extra step \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Justification \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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State the reason for inverting the flask several times.

[1 mark]

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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A sample of the olive oil was dissolved in methanol and placed in a mass spectrometer. The sample was ionised using electrospray ionisation. Each molecule gained a hydrogen ion ( $\text{H}^+$ ) during ionisation. The spectrum showed a peak for an ion with  $\frac{m}{z} = 345$  formed from an impurity in the olive oil.

The ion with  $\frac{m}{z} = 345$  was formed from a compound with the empirical formula  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$

Deduce the molecular formula of this compound.

[2 marks]

Show your working.

Molecular formula \_\_\_\_\_

## 2. June/2022/Paper\_7405/3/No.7

Tschermigite is a hydrated, water-soluble mineral, with relative formula mass of 453.2

The formula of tschermigite can be represented as  $M.xH_2O$ , where M represents all the ions present.

Table 4 shows its composition by mass.

Table 4

Element	% by mass
N	3.09
H	6.18
Al	5.96
S	14.16
O	70.61

In an analysis, it is found that the mineral contains the ions  $NH_4^+$ ,  $Al^{3+}$  and  $SO_4^{2-}$

Calculate the empirical formula of tschermigite and the value of  $x$  in  $M.xH_2O$

Describe the tests, with their results, including ionic equations, that would confirm the identities of the ions present.

[6 marks]



## 3. June/2022/Paper\_7405/3/No.9

Consider the change that occurs in the shape of the curve for the distribution of molecular energies in a gas when the temperature of the gas is increased.

Which is a correct statement about the gas molecules at a higher temperature?

[1 mark]

- A There are more molecules with any given energy.
- B There are more molecules with the mean energy.
- C There are more molecules with the most probable energy.
- D There is an increase in the most probable energy of the molecules.