

AQA – Transition metal – A2 Chemistry P3

1. June/ 2020/Paper_3/No.3

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 3 | . | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|

 Explain why complexes formed from transition metal ions are coloured.**[3 marks]**

The iron content of iron tablets can be determined by colorimetry.

Method:

- Dissolve a tablet in sulfuric acid.
- Oxidise all the iron from the tablet to $\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq})$.
- Convert the $\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq})$ into a complex that absorbs light of wavelength 490 nm
- Make the solution up to 250 cm^3
- Measure the absorbance of light at 490 nm with a colorimeter.
- Use a calibration graph to find the concentration of the iron(III) complex.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 3 | . | 2 |
|---|---|---|---|

 Calculate the energy, in J, gained by each excited electron in the absorption at 490 nm

Speed of light, $c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Planck constant, $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$

[3 marks]

Energy gained by each electron _____ J

0 3 . 3 Describe how a calibration graph is produced and used to find the concentration of the iron(III) complex.

[3 marks]

0 3 . 4 The concentration of iron(III) in the solution is $4.66 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$

Calculate the mass, in mg, of iron in the tablet used to make the 250 cm^3 of solution.

[2 marks]

Mass of iron in the tablet _____ mg

2. June/ 2020/Paper_3/No.4

0 4

Cisplatin, $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]$, is used as an anti-cancer drug.

0 4 . 1

Cisplatin works by causing the death of rapidly dividing cells.

Name the process that is prevented by cisplatin during cell division.

[1 mark]

After cisplatin enters a cell, one of the chloride ligands is replaced by a water molecule to form a complex ion, **B**.

0 4 . 2

Give the equation for this reaction.

[2 marks]

0 4 . 3

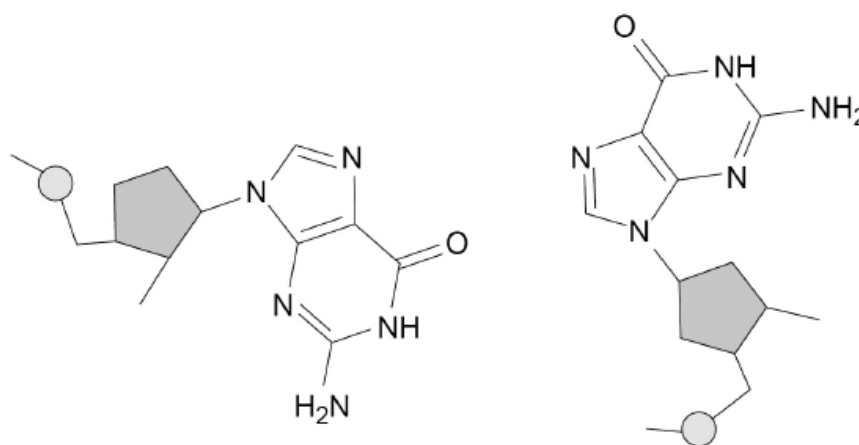
When the complex ion **B** reacts with DNA, the water molecule is replaced as a bond forms between platinum and a nitrogen atom in a guanine nucleotide. The remaining chloride ligand is also replaced as a bond forms between platinum and a nitrogen atom in another guanine nucleotide.

Figure 1 represents two adjacent guanine nucleotides in DNA.

Complete **Figure 1** to show how the platinum complex forms a cross-link between the guanine nucleotides.

[2 marks]

Figure 1



An experiment is done to investigate the rate of reaction in Question 04.2.

0 4 . 4

During the experiment the concentration of cisplatin is measured at one-minute intervals.

Explain how graphical methods can be used to process the measured results, to confirm that the reaction is first order.

[3 marks]

In another experiment, the effect of temperature on the rate of the reaction in Question 04.2 is investigated.

Table 1 shows the results.

Table 1

| Temperature T/K | $\frac{1}{T}/K^{-1}$ | Rate constant k/s^{-1} | $\ln k$ |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| 293 | 0.00341 | 1.97×10^{-8} | -17.7 |
| 303 | 0.00330 | 8.61×10^{-8} | -16.3 |
| 313 | 0.00319 | 3.43×10^{-7} | -14.9 |
| 318 | | 6.63×10^{-7} | |
| 323 | 0.00310 | 1.26×10^{-6} | -13.6 |

0 4 . 5

Complete Table 1.

[2 marks]

0 4 . 6 The Arrhenius equation can be written in the form

$$\ln k = \frac{-E_a}{RT} + \ln A$$

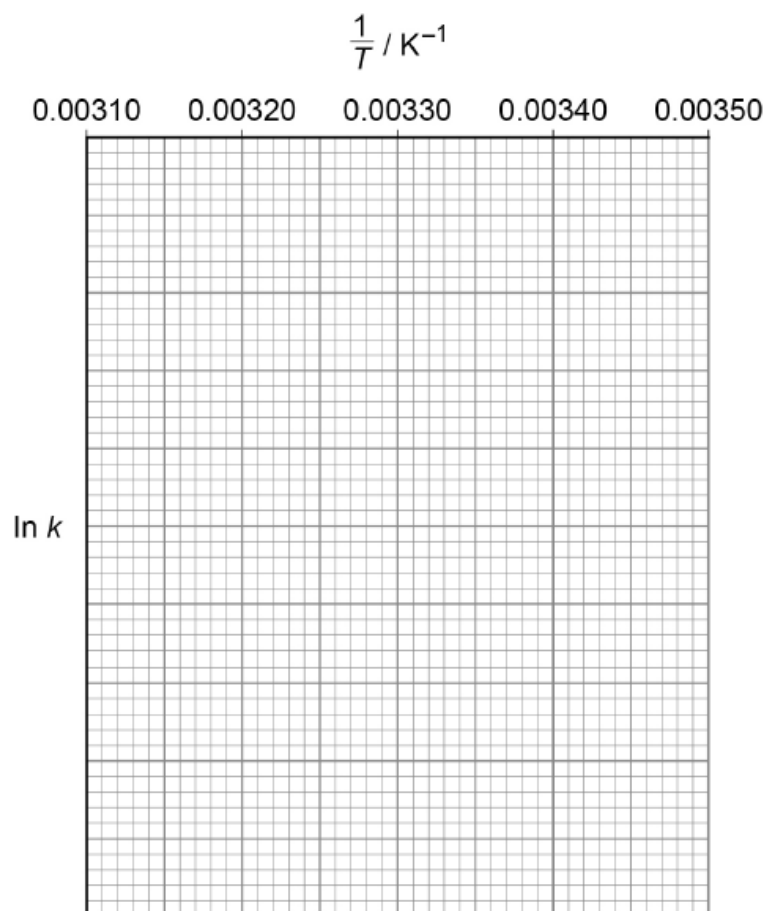
Use the data in **Table 1** to plot a graph of $\ln k$ against $\frac{1}{T}$ on the grid in **Figure 2**.

Calculate the activation energy, E_a , in kJ mol^{-1}

The gas constant, $R = 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

[5 marks]

Figure 2



E_a _____ kJ mol^{-1}

3. June/ 2020/Paper_3/No.17

Which shows the electron configuration of an atom of a transition metal?

[1 mark]

A [Ar] 4s²3d⁰B [Ar] 4s²3d⁸C [Ar] 4s²3d¹⁰D [Ar] 4s²3d¹⁰4p¹

4. June/ 2020/Paper_3/No.18

Which will **not** act as a ligand in the formation of a complex ion?

[1 mark]

A CH₄

B CO

C H₂OD NH₃

5. June/ 2020/Paper_3/No.19

Which shows the correct oxidation state and co-ordination number of cobalt in [Co(NH₃)₅Cl]Cl₂?

[1 mark]

| | oxidation state | co-ordination number | |
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| A | +2 | 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B | +2 | 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C | +3 | 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| D | +3 | 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> |

6. June/2020/Paper_3/No.20

Which statement is **not** correct?

[1 mark]

A CuCl_4^{2-} is square planar.B NH_4^+ is tetrahedral.C $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2)_3]^{2+}$ is octahedral.D $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ is octahedral.

7. June/2021/Paper_3/No.21

Which equation does **not** show the reduction of a transition metal?

[1 mark]

A $\text{TiCl}_4 + 2\text{Mg} \rightarrow \text{Ti} + 2\text{MgCl}_2$ B $2\text{FeCl}_3 + 2\text{KI} \rightarrow 2\text{FeCl}_2 + 2\text{KCl} + \text{I}_2$ C $\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{MnCl}_2 + \text{Cl}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ D $\text{CoO} + 4\text{HCl} \rightarrow [\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{H}^+$