AQA - Measure of Location and spread - GCSE Statistics - 2021

1. June/2021/Paper_1F/No.8

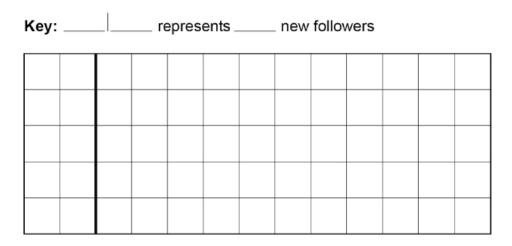
Rachel has a social media account and tracks the number of new followers she gets each day.

The table shows the data for the last three weeks.

Week 1	New followers	Week 2	New followers	Week 3	New followers
Monday	14	Monday	13	Monday	16
Tuesday	16	Tuesday	20	Tuesday	21
Wednesday	12	Wednesday	16	Wednesday	17
Thursday	11	Thursday	13	Thursday	15
Friday	21	Friday	24	Friday	56
Saturday	34	Saturday	38	Saturday	55
Sunday	40	Sunday	42	Sunday	40

(a) 5	Show the	data in ar	ordered	stem-and-leaf	diagram
-------	----------	------------	---------	---------------	---------

[4 marks]



You may use the blank space below to sort the data.

Using the stem-and-leaf diagram, show that the median number of new fol received during this three-week period is 20.	
Rachel makes this statement about weekends.	
'The mean number of new followers at weeke	ends is more than 20.'
Explain, without calculation, why Rachel is correct	et.
Rachel makes this statement about weekdays .	
'The mean number of new followers on week	days is less than 20.'
Decide whether Rachel's second statement is true.	
Tick (✓) a box about the statement.	
True False	Cannot tell
You must show your calculations.	
Tou must one wyour outcatations.	1

2. June/2021/Paper_1F/No.9

Dr Cho runs a clinic where each appointment is meant to be 5 minutes.

She thinks that some doctors at the clinic are spending much longer than 5 minutes with a patient.

(a) The table shows information about actual lengths, in minutes, of appointments for one day.

Length, t (mins)	Frequency	
0 < <i>t</i> ≤ 2	8	
2 < <i>t</i> ≤ 4	44	
4 < <i>t</i> ≤ 6	43	
6 < <i>t</i> ≤ 8	11	
8 < <i>t</i> ≤ 10	10	

Dr Cho says,

"The data show that the mean length of an appointment is longer than 5 minutes."

Calculate an estimate of the mean length of appointment to decide if she is con	he is correct. [5 marks]	

(b) Dr Cho wants to investigate any relationship that might exist between the length of an appointment and the age of the patient.

She collects data from a random sample of 20 patients.

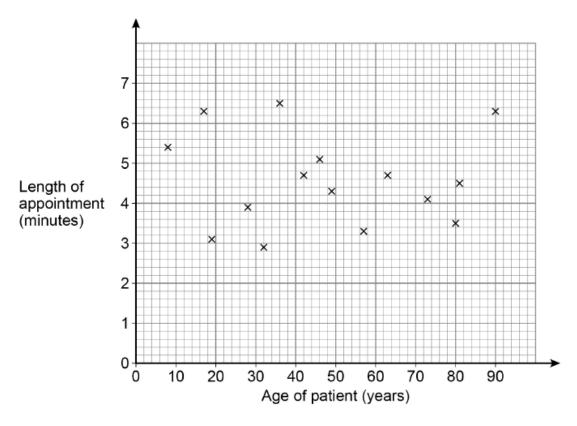
The scatter diagram shows 15 of the results.

The table shows the remaining 5 results.

Age of patient (years)	12	26	40	55	76
Length of appointment (minutes)	3.1	2.4	4.5	2.5	5.8

(b) (i) Use the data in the table to complete the scatter diagram.

[2 marks]



(b) (ii) Dr Cho says she can predict the length of an appointment if she knows the age of a patient.

Comment on her statement.

[1 mark]

3. June/2021/Paper_1F/No.10

Here is a table showing the cumulative frequencies for the length of 140 sales calls (in minutes) made by Kelly last week.

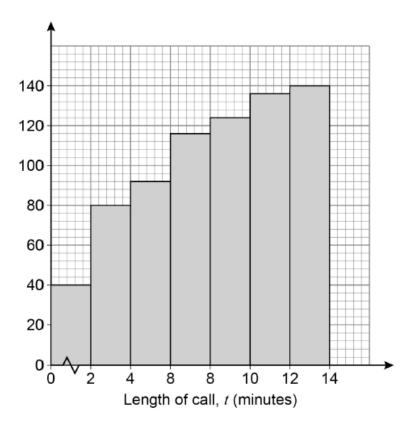
Length of call t (in minutes)	Cumulative frequency
<i>t</i> ≤ 2	30
<i>t</i> ≤ 4	80
<i>t</i> ≤ 6	92
<i>t</i> ≤ 8	116
<i>t</i> ≤ 10	124
<i>t</i> ≤ 12	136
<i>t</i> ≤ 14	140

Length of call t (in minutes)	Frequency
0 < <i>t</i> ≤ 2	
2 < <i>t</i> ≤ 4	
4 < <i>t</i> ≤ 6	
6 < <i>t</i> ≤ 8	
8 < <i>t</i> ≤ 10	
10 < <i>t</i> ≤ 12	
12 < <i>t</i> ≤ 14	

How many calls were 10 minute	s or shorter?	[1 mark]
Answer		
How many calls were more than	n 12 minutes?	[2 marks]
Answer		
Which two-minute interval is the Justify your answer with calculat		
It may help to complete the extra	a column in the table at the top of this page.	[3 marks]

(d) Kelly tries to draw a cumulative frequency graph for her call data.

This graph has several errors.



Identify three of the errors in the graph.

	[5 marks]
Error 1	
Error 2	
Error 3	

4. June/2021/Paper_1F/No.9

A tech company's website offers rewards according to how many days you visit it. The table shows the number of rewards achieved by a sample of 500 customers.

Number of rewards	% of sample	
1	52.8	
2	27.2	
3	10.4	
4	7.6	
5	2	

(a)	Show, with working that, for this sample,
	median = interquartile range

		[3 marks]

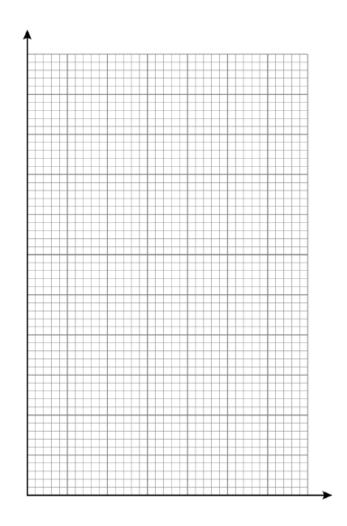
- (b) The tech company wants to change the reward system so that
 - the median number of rewards is increased
 - the interquartile range is increased.

They make some changes and take a new sample of 500 customers.

Number of rewards	Number in sample
1	190
2	145
3	90
4	60
5	15

Use the grid to draw an appropriate cumulative frequency graph for the data.

[4 marks]



Use par	ts (a) and (b) to draw, on the same grid, box plots for the two samples	s.
When dr	awing the box plot do not check for outliers.	[4 ma
500 cust	culations to confirm that there are no outliers in the new sample of omers.	

(e)	Has the company achieved each of its targets stated in part (b)?	
	You must give a reason for each target.	[2 marks]
	Target 1 – median	
	Target 2 – interquartile range	

5. June/2021/Paper 1F/No.13

Maisy has her house valued each year.

The table shows the percentage increase in its value, written as a multiplier, over each of the last 5 years.

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Multiplier	1.067	1.013	1.008	1.005	1.126

(a) Maisy wants to know the average percentage increase over the 5 years.

She works out the arithmetic mean.

$$\frac{6.7 + 1.3 + 0.8 + 0.5 + 12.6}{5} = 4.4\%$$

Average percentage increase = 4.4% to one decimal place.

(a) (i) Maisy has used the wrong method.

Name the measure she should have calculated.

		[
(a)	(ii	i) Show that the correct average percentage increase is 4.3% to one decimal place. [2 marks]

[1 mark]

(a) (iii) In 2020 Maisy's house was worth £200 000.

If the house continues to grow in value worth in 2024?	ies to grow in value at the same average rate, how much will it be			
WOITH IN 2024?	[2 marks]			
Answer £				

(b) A new housing estate with 80 houses is built near Maisy's house. She sees this pie chart in her local paper showing the types of houses in the estate.



Vicky buys a bungalow on this new estate.

What proportion of the houses on this new estate are bungalows?

[2 marks]

Answer _____

On Majords actate there are	
On Maisy's estate there are,	
60 four-bedroom houses	
38 three-bedroom houses	
22 two-bedroom houses	
• 40 bungalows.	
In the space below, draw a fully labelled comparative (proportional) pie chart to re the types of houses on Maisy's estate.	epresen
·	6 marks
Majovia ostata	
Maisy's estate	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	[1 mark
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	
Make one comparison between the proportions of one of the types of houses on Maisy's estate with those on the new estate.	

6. J	June/	2021/	'Paper_	2F/	[/] No.4

Four values have a median of 10.

Three of the values are 6, 10 and 10.

Circle the value that the 4th number could **not** be.

[1 mark]

100

12

10

6

7. June/2021/Paper_2F/No.7

There is a busy railway line at the end of Anya's garden.

One day she counts, in 20-minute periods, the number of trains going past in one direction, north to south.

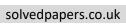
Here are the data she collects.

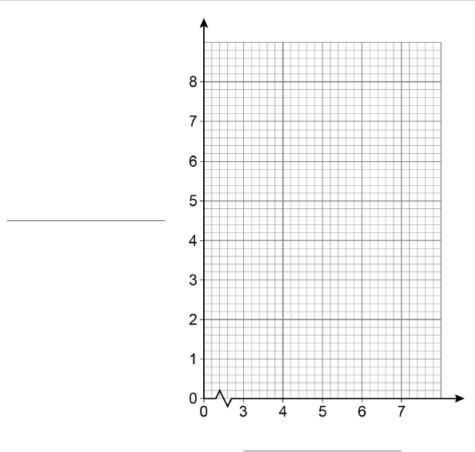
Number of trains in 20-minute periods	Frequency
3	5
4	7
5	8
6	6
7	4

(a)	Give a possible reason why there are no more than 7 trains in any 20-minute period.	
	[1 mark	(]

(b) Draw a bar line chart (vertical line diagram) for the data on the grid below. Include labels for the axes.

[3 marks]





(c)	Give a reason why the modal number of trains per 20 minutes is 5.	[1 mark
d)	A train passes Anya's garden going north to south at exactly 3.26 pm.	
	Use the mode to estimate the most likely time of the next train in that direction.	[1 mark
	Answer pm	
(e)	There are far fewer trains going the other way, south to north.	
	Suggest a possible modal number of trains going the other way for the same se 20-minute periods.	et of [1 mark]

Answer _____ trains

8. June/2021/Paper_2F/No.9

(a) The cost of 12 items sold at an auction house one morning are given.

All values are in pounds.

6 10 10 12 12 15 16 20 20 30 80 155

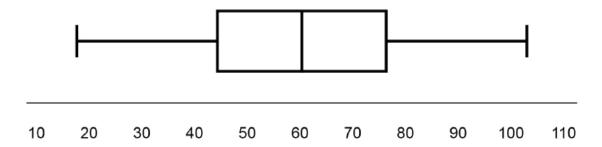
Which of these best describes the skew of these data?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

negative skew no skew positive skew

(b) The box plot shows information about the time in seconds it took to sell the items at the auction house that morning.



Which of these best describes the skew of these data?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

negative skew no skew positive skew

9. June/2021/Paper_2F/No.11

Pat has a security camera on the front of her house.

When it detects movement, an alert is sent to Pat's phone.

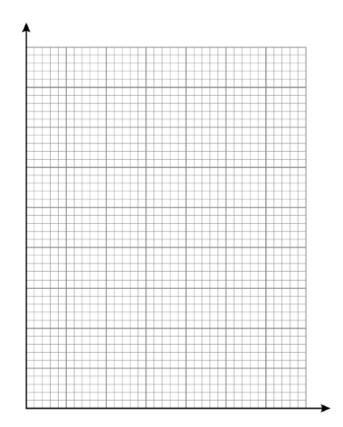
The periods of time between alerts for part of one day are represented by this table.

Time between alerts, f (minutes)	Frequency
0 < <i>t</i> ≤ 5	9
5 < <i>t</i> ≤ 10	25
10 < <i>t</i> ≤ 15	21
15 < <i>t</i> ≤ 20	17
20 < <i>t</i> ≤ 25	8

Cumulative frequency

(a) Draw a cumulative frequency graph for the data on the grid below.

[5 marks]



(b) Estimate the median time between alerts.

[1 mark]

Answer _____ minutes

(c)	(i) Estimate t	he lower quartile and	upper quartile of the times b	etween alerts. [2 marks]
	Answer	Upper quartile	t	minutes
		Lower quartile		minutes
(c)	(ii) Hence, es	timate the interquartile	e range of the times between	ı alerts. [1 mark]
		Answer		minutes
(d)	The next of median	nother camera at the lay the data for the times 26 minutes artile range = 4 minute	nes between alerts is,	
	Make two	comparisons betweer	n the times between alerts fo	or the two cameras. [2 marks]
	Compariso	on 1		
	Compariso	on 2		
(e)	Give one	reason why these com	nparisons might not be valid.	[1 mark]

June/2021/Paper_2F/No.13 (a) The total number of cars on the road in the UK in 2017 was 32 000 000. The number of cars stolen in the UK in 2017 was 86 000.					
		Calculate the risk of a car being stolen in 2017. Give your answer as a percentage.	[2 marks]		
		Answer %	,		
(t))	The risk of a car being stolen in 2013 was 0.21%.			
(t	o) (i)	Compare the risk of a car being stolen in 2013 with the risk in	n 2017. [1 mark]		
(t) (ii)	There were 30 900 000 cars in the UK in 2013. Calculate an estimate of the number of cars that were stolen	in 2013		
		calculate all commute of the namber of care that were storen	[2 marks]		

Answer ____

11. June/2021/Paper_2H/No.3

Four values have a median of 10.

Three of the values are 6, 10 and 10.

Circle the value that the 4th number could not be.

[1 mark]

100

12

10

6

12. June/2021/Paper_2H/No.13

Bob records the maximum and minimum temperatures in his garden each day.

The table summarises the maximum temperatures for days in June over the last 5 years.

Temperature, t (°C)	Frequency	
14 ≤ <i>t</i> < 19	45	
19 <i>≤ t</i> < 20	20	
20 ≤ <i>t</i> < 22	29	
22 ≤ <i>t</i> < 25	27	
25 ≤ <i>t</i> < 30	20	
30 ≤ <i>t</i> < 40	9	

(a) Draw a histogram using the grid below.

[4 marks]



(b)	From the frequency table, the estimated mean is 21.6 $^{\circ}$ C and the estimated standard deviation is 5.0 $^{\circ}$ C (both given to one decimal place).
(b)	(i) The mean of the individual maximum temperatures for the 150 June days is 21.9 °C.
	Tick (✓) the correct box. [1 mark
	On average, the actual temperatures are above the midpoint for the group they are in.
	On average, the actual temperatures are equal to the midpoint for the group they are in.
	On average, the actual temperatures are below the midpoint for the group they are in.
(b)	(ii) The highest temperature recorded over the 150 June days was 37.9 °C.
	Assuming the data is from a Normal distribution, use the estimated mean and estimated standard deviation to determine whether 37.9 °C is a statistical outlier.
	You must show your working. [2 marks

(c)	Bob says that over half of the June days had a maximum temperature under 21 °C.		
	Evaluate Bob's statement.	[3 marks]	

- 13. June/2021/Paper_2H/No.15(c,d)
 - (c) Fiona carries out her checks on two roads, the A2 and the A229.
 - (c) (i) Some summary statistics for the lengths of trucks she checks on the A2 are shown.

mean	10.20 metres
median	9.18 metres
standard deviation (s.d.)	2.90 metres

Calculate the skew of the data.

Use skew =
$$\frac{3(\text{mean} - \text{median})}{\text{s.d.}}$$

[2	marks]
----	--------

Answer _____

(c) (ii) Fiona says,

"The data show positive skew, so the trucks below median length have more variable lengths than the trucks above median length."

Has Fiona interpreted the skew correctly?

Tick (✓) a box.

Yes No

	solvedpapers.co.uk	
Expla	ain your answer.	[1 mark]
(d)	$s.d. = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{n} - \left(\frac{\sum x}{n}\right)^2}$	
	Fiona checks the lengths of 30 trucks on the A229. The lengths, x (metres), of these 30 trucks are summarised by	
	$\sum x = 267.12$ $\sum x^2 = 2538.52$ skew = 0.43	
	Compare statistically the length of trucks checked on the A229 with those che the A2.	cked on
	You must show your working.	[6 marks]