## AQA - Polar coordinates - A2 Further Mathematics P1

1. June/2020/Paper_1/No. 15

The diagram shows part of a spiral curve.
The point $P$ has polar coordinates $(r, \theta)$ where $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$
The points $T$ and $S$ lie on the initial line and $O$ is the pole.
$T P Q$ is the tangent to the curve at $P$.

(a) Show that the gradient of $T P Q$ is equal to

$$
\frac{\frac{\mathrm{d} r}{\mathrm{~d} \theta} \sin \theta+r \cos \theta}{\frac{\mathrm{~d} r}{\mathrm{~d} \theta} \cos \theta-r \sin \theta}
$$

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(b) The curve has polar equation

$$
r=\mathrm{e}^{(\cot b) \theta}
$$

where $b$ is a constant such that $0<b<\frac{\pi}{2}$
Use the result of part (a) to show that the angle between the line $O P$ and the tangent $T P Q$ does not depend on $\theta$.
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