AQA - Chemical bonds, ionic, covalent and metallic - GCSE Chemistry Paper_1

1.

| June/2021/Pap | | |
|---------------|--|-----------|
| 0 4 | Carbon can exist in a number of different structures. | |
| 0 4.1 | The first fullerene to be discovered was Buckminsterfullerene. What is the formula of Buckminsterfullerene? | |
| | | [1 mark] |
| | Tick (✓) one box. | |
| | C ₄₀ | |
| | C ₅₀ | |
| | C ₆₀ | |
| | C ₇₀ | |
| | | |
| 0 4.2 | Graphite is a form of carbon. | |
| | Explain why graphite conducts electricity. | [2 marks] |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Steel is an alloy of iron and carbon.

| 0 4 . 3 | Explain why steel is harder than iron. | [3 marks] |
|---------|--|-----------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

0 4. 4 Iron is alloyed with carbon and other metals to make stainless steel.

A stainless steel fork contains 71.92% iron.

Table 2 shows the mass of each element in the fork.

Table 2

| Element | Iron | Carbon | Chromium | Nickel |
|----------------------|------|--------|----------|--------|
| Mass of element in g | x | 0.05 | 10.44 | 5.80 |

| Calculate the mass of iron (\mathbf{X}) in the fork. | [4 marks] |
|--|-----------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

X = _____ g