AQA - Reactions of acids, bases and salts – GCSE Combined Science Chemistry

1.	May/2020/Paper_8464/1F/No.1 This question is about acids and bases.	
	What is the pH of sulfuric acid?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[Timurk]
	1 7 14	
	An acid reacts with zinc to produce zinc chloride and hydrogen.	
	Which acid reacts with zinc to produce zinc chloride?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Hydrochloric acid	
	Nitric acid	
	Sulfuric acid	
	What type of substance is zinc chloride?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[Tillark]
	Alkali Base Salt	

An alkali is a base in solution.	
Which compound is an alkali?	[1 mark]
Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
Sodium hydroxide	
Sodium nitrate	
Sodium sulfate	
The formula of the copper ion is Cu ²⁺	
The formula of the oxide ion is O ²⁻	
What is the formula of copper oxide?	[4
Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
Cu ₂ O ₂ CuO ₂ CuO	

A student reacts an acid with copper oxide.

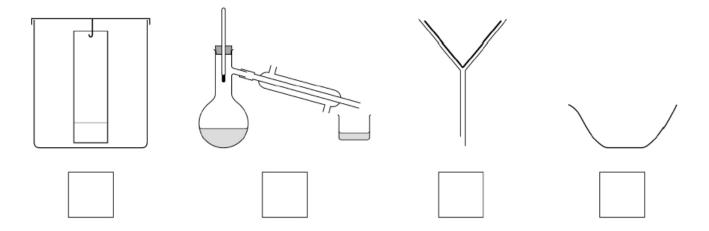
The reaction betweer oom temperature.	n the acid and copper o	xide is very slow at	
•	nt speed up the reaction	า?	[1 ma
acid reacts.	ce to show how the stu	dent makes sure tha	t all the [1 ma
acid reacts. Choose the answer f		dent makes sure that	

The student filters the unreacted copper oxide from the solution.

Which apparatus does the student use?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) one box.



What process is used to produce crystals of a salt from a salt solution?

2. May/2020/Paper_8464/1H/No.3

Some students investigated the thermal decomposition of metal carbonates.

The word equation for the reaction is:

metal carbonate → metal oxide + carbon dioxide

The students made the following hypothesis:

'When heated the same mass of any metal carbonate produces the same mass of carbon dioxide.'

The students heated a test tube containing copper carbonate.

Table 1 shows their results.

Table 1

Time the test tube containing copper carbonate was heated in mins	0	2	4	6
Mass of test tube and contents in g	17.7	17.1	17.0	17.0

Plan a method the students could use to test their hypothesis.

You should show how the students use their results to test the hypothesis.

You do not need to write about safety precautions.	[6 marks]

3.	May	/2020	/Paper_	9/6/	/1 LI	/No	Л
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This question is about acids, alkalis and bases.

A student reacted zinc oxide powder with hydrochloric acid to produce zinc chloride solution.

Complete the equation for the reaction by writing the state symbols.

[2 marks]

$$ZnO(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 2HCl(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \rightarrow ZnCl_2(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + H_2O(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$$

Give **one** way that the student could speed up the reaction between zinc oxide powder and hydrochloric acid.

[1 mark]

Hydrochloric acid was the limiting reactant.

How could the student know when all the hydrochloric acid has reacted?

[1 mark]

How could the student obtain zinc chloride solution from the reaction mixture when all the hydrochloric acid has reacted?

Describe now zinc chloride crystals are produced from zinc chloride solution	^{ղ.} [2 marks]
Sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide react to produce sodium sulfate.	
Sulfuric acid is gradually added to sodium hydroxide solution.	
The pH of the mixture changes as the sulfuric acid is added until in excess.	
Suggest the pH at:	
the start before sulfuric acid is added	
the end when sulfuric acid is in excess.	[2 marks]
pH at start =	
pH at end =	
Complete the symbol equation for the preparation of sodium sulfate.	
You should balance the equation.	[2 marks]
NaOH + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow +	[2 marks]

A solution of hydrochloric acid had a hydrogen ion concentration of 1.0 mol/dm3

Water was added to the hydrochloric acid until the pH increased by 1

What was the hydrogen ion concentration of the hydrochloric acid after water had been added?

been added:		[1 mark]
Tick (✓) one box	•	•
100 mol/dm ³		
10 mol/dm ³		
0.10 mol/dm ³		
0.010 mol/dm ³		

Which acid should th		[1 mark
Tick (\checkmark) one box.		[1 mark
Hydrochloric acid		
Nitric acid		
Sulfuric acid		
Suggest how the stu	dent would know that excess copper oxide has been add	ded. [1 mark

There are four more stages, A, B, C and D, to make copper chloride crystals.

5.

Jun/2019/Paper_8464/1F/No.2.3

Second stage

Third stage

Fourth stage

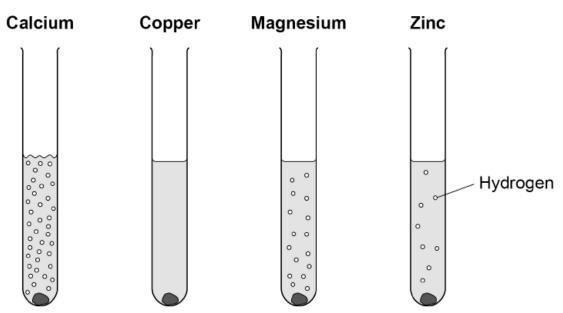
The stages A, B, C and D are not in the correct order.			
Stage A	Partially evaporate by heating with a water bath		
Stage B	Filter the mixture into an evaporating basin		
Stage C	Leave to crystallise		
Stage D	Remove and dry the crystals		
Put stages A , B , 6	C and D in the correct order.	[2 marks]	
First stage _			

6. Jun/2019/Paper_8464/1F/No.6.1-6.4

This question is about reactions of metals.

Figure 7 shows what happens when calcium, copper, magnesium and zinc are added to hydrochloric acid.

Figure 7



What is the order of decreasing reactivity of these four metals?

Tick (✓) one box.	
Zn Ca Cu Mg	
Ca Cu Mg Zn	
Cu Zn Ca Mg	
Ca Mg Zn Cu	

A student wants to make a fair comparison of the reactivity of the metals with hydrochloric acid.

Name two variables that must be kept constant.	[2 marks]
1	
2	
What is the independent variable in this reaction?	[1 mark]
Predict the reactivity of beryllium compared with magnesium.	
Give a reason for your answer.	
Use the periodic table.	[2 marks]
Reason	

7.

Jun/2019/Paper_8464/1F/N This question is about		
Ammonium nitrate sol nitric acid.	ution is produced when ammonia gas reacts with	
Give the state symbol	for ammonium nitrate solution.	[1 mark]
What is the formula of	nitric acid?	[1 mark]
Tick (\checkmark) one box.		
HCl		
HNO ₃		
H ₂ SO ₄		
NH₄OH		
Ammonia gas dissolve	es in water to produce ammonia solution.	
Ammonia solution con	ntains hydroxide ions, OH ⁻	
A student adds univer	sal indicator to solutions of nitric acid and ammonia.	
What colour is observe	ed in each solution?	[2 marks]
Colour in nitric acid		
Colour in ammonia so	lution	

The student gradually added nitric acid to ammonia solution.

Which row, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, shows the change in pH as the nitric acid is added until in excess?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) one box.

	pH of ammonia solution at start	pH after addition of excess nitric acid
Α	10	7
В	2	10
С	7	1
D	10	2

Calculate the percentage by mass of oxygen in ammonium nitrate (NH_4NO_3).

Relative atomic masses (A_r) : H = 1 N = 14 O = 16

Relative formula mass (M_r): NH₄NO₃ = 80

[3 marks]

Percentage by mass of oxygen = ______%

Describe a method to investigate how the temperature changes when different masses of ammonium nitrate are dissolved in water.

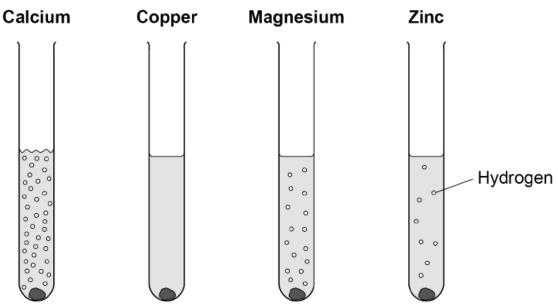
You do not need to write about safety precautions.	[6 marks]

8. Jun/2019/Paper_8464/1H/No.1.1-1.3

This question is about reactions of metals.

Figure 1 shows what happens when calcium, copper, magnesium and zinc are added to hydrochloric acid.

Figure 1



What is the order of decreasing reactivity of these four metals?

Tick (✓) one box.		
Zn Ca Cu	Mg	
Ca Cu Mg	Zn	
Cu Zn Ca I	Mg	
Ca Mg Zn	Cu	

A student wants to make a fair comparison of the reactivity of the metals with hydrochloric acid.

Name two variables that must be kept constant.	[2 marks]
1	
2	
What is the independent variable in this reaction?	[1 mark]

This question is about salts.	
Ammonium nitrate solution is produced when ammonia gas reacts with nitric acid.	
Give the state symbol for ammonium nitrate solution.	[1 mark]
What is the formula of nitric acid?	[1 mark]
Tick (✓) one box.	
HCl	
HNO ₃	
H ₂ SO ₄	
NH₄OH	
Ammonia gas dissolves in water to produce ammonia solution.	
Ammonia solution contains hydroxide ions, OH ⁻	
A student adds universal indicator to solutions of nitric acid and ammonia.	
What colour is observed in each solution?	[2 marks]
Colour in nitric acid	
Colour in ammonia solution	

The student gradually added nitric acid to ammonia solution.

Which row, A, B, C or D, shows the change in pH as the nitric acid is added until in excess?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) one box.

	pH of ammonia solution at start	pH after addition of excess nitric acid
Α	10	7
В	2	10
С	7	1
D	10	2

Calculate the percentage by mass of oxygen in ammonium nitrate (NH₄NO₃).

Relative atomic masses (A_r): H = 1 N = 14 O = 16

Relative formula mass (M_r): NH₄NO₃ = 80

[3 marks]

Percentage by mass of oxygen = _____

Describe a method to investigate how the temperature changes when different masses of ammonium nitrate are dissolved in water.

You do not need to write about safety precautions.	[6 marks]